Chance at thorough-going garments in both fabric and facture; no shoddy in the goods, no slight in the workmanship. We have a popular lot of these goods interesting for Mothers to see. On their own account we invite them to look at an IM-PORTED CHEVIOT CLOTH JACKET.

\$8.75.

Only a few. Black and Blue, Tailormade, with open seams, trimmed with mixed gold cord, large lapped collar, with long silk girdle and full vest. This Jacket would be cheap at \$13.

PLUSH SACQUES.

A few left from the season's first lot. We will let them go at \$15, which is \$3 less than it will cost us to land the like of them in Indianapolis.

Come quickly for these bargains.

L. S. AYRES & CO.

ASTMAN, SCHLEICHER CARPETS, DRAPERIES, WALL-PAPER.

The Largest House in the State.

"THE KING OF ITS TRIBE," So says Prof. David Swing of the

Encyclopedia Britannica. We have it in 25 volumes, complete, last edition,

for \$37.50. Send for circular. BOWEN-MERRILL CO.,

9 & 11 West Washington St.

AMAN To be properly dressed must wear snow-white linen; that means Collars, Cuffs and Shirts properly laundered. We do it that way.

CAPITAL STEAM LAUNDRY. 26 and 28 N. Mississippi Street,

Somerville and Ertel Laundries.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

NATCHES, DIAMONDS AND FINE JEWELRY NOW OPENING, AT

W. T. MARCY'S.

We have the nobby stock. New goods. Our goods are the best, our prices the lowest.

WATCHES A SPECIALTY

P. S.-Fine Watch-repairing and

Jewelry-mending.

EXTENSION OF RAPID TRANSIT.

An Officer of the Citizens' Company Says It Will Depend on the New Franchise.

The question of rapid transit depends upon a long-term franchise for the streetcar company, if the impression which some of its officers give out is to be relied upon. A Journal reporter asked one of them yesterday, who was riding on the Collegeavenue line, if there is any truth in the rumor that that line is to be operated by electricity next spring. "This and other lines will be given rapid transit," he replid, "just as soon as the city will do what we ask. The people know what we want, and we consider our demands only fair and

"You refer to an extension of franchise?" That is the only condition upon which the change will be made. The company is doing all it can under the present circum-

stances, but would do more if it could get

the right terms." "Indianapolis," remarked a passenger after the officer had left the car, "will get rapid transit on the majority of its lines within the next few years, and it will be done without granting an extension of franchise. In this age of electricity no corporation can afford to use animal power for street-cars. Mr. Shafter concedes that himself and aknowledges that electric motors are a great saving, not only of money, but of labor and comfort, It is absurd to say that he will refuse to put in any more rapid transit fer the next ten years. I look upon Mr. Snaffer as too shrewd a business man to follow such a course. All of the rapid transit put in now will only make the plant more valuable when the present franchise expires. If the company is granted another charter then, it will be so situated that it can give greater satisfaction to the public and in-

crease its own revenue." It has been given out that when the company does decide to increase its rapid transit, the College-avenue line will be the first equipped. At any rate the patrons of that line will doubtless be glad to know the company has decided to make it a "full line of double-platform cars this winter. In other words, no bob-tails will be used. The motor cars on the Illinois-street electrie line are to be put on other trucks and run on College avenue, and in their place on Illinois street the company will run closed motors, the line being equipped with a vestibule system. The vestibule cars are expected to arrive here within the next eighteeen days.

Objects to the Tariff.

James Watson Bishop, largely interested in the Staffordshire, England, potteries, is at the Bates House. Like most of his countrymen, he thinks the McKinley law a mistake, and says it is going to materially injure several large English industries. The pottery interests will not suffer, so Mr. Bishop's grievance is general, not personal. The pottery manufactured in this country, he says, compares very favorably with the English article, except in the glazed ware, and in this the American product, he thinks, is faulty.

FURNATURE at Wm. L. Elder's

CHILDREN'S CHANCE END OF THE CONTEST NEAR

Work of Republicans Makes Them Confident in the Campaign's Last Days.

Assurances of Democrats Early in the Fight Supplanted by Apathy and Dissatisfaction-County and Legislative Candidates.

The work of the campaign at the beginning of the week immediately preceding the election still justifies confidence in Republican success. Every one who has had the opportunity to personally observe the run of events in the several parts of the State give the same report of Republican activity, harmony and hopefulness. Some go so far as to predict surprises in counties heretofore of almost impregnable Democratic strength, and these predictions are based on what Democrats say themselves. There can be no doubt but that the new election law has so far operated to their detriment. It has aroused dissatisfaction, and much of it is traceable to objections not altogether creditable to those urging them. But the law has to be obeyed, and one hope in having it observed seems to have remained the Democratic leaders who, while denouncing its system, have prepared to take advantage of every technicality that may appear in defective ballots. It is understood that secret instructions to that effect have been sent out by their State central committee to election officers. That means a continuous assertion of claims where there may be the slightest pretext for them to have defective ballots counted for the Democratic candidates. Of course, if the failure to observe the law strictly as to stamping or counting otherwise affects those candidates then an opposite course will be pursued. The law furnishes an opportunity to establish a new line of precedents concerning the counting, and the Democrats will not allow the chance to go by without attempting to cause all the trouble possible.

counting, and the Democrats will not allow the chance to go by without attempting to cause all the trouble possible.

With the present conditions maintained up to the night of the election, the Republicans need at no time feel that they have omitted anything in their efforts to secure a victory. The last five or six weeks have been full of energy unrelaxed, and it is this solid front courageously pursuing its course that has demoralized Democracy. A few months ago the managers of the campaign for that party got the expectations of their followers pitched to the highest point. "The Republicans," said they, "are torn apart by dissensions which cannot be settled in time for them to make an effective campaign. All we will have to do is to claim exultingly everything in sight." Contentedly accepting these statements as guarantees of victory the subordinate organizations in the several counties allowed affairs to go at sixes and sevens. The only thing to be done was to wait patiently for election day and then do the voting. In the meantime the farmers came in to disturb conditions, and they were so far off on their own lines of politics that the Democrats could do nothing, when terfor almost paralyzed them. When it was too late to check this movement, disastrous to Democratic hopes, the managers of that party thought it about time to do some work. The first step they made brought them in front of the Republicans with ranks well filled, and animated by one purpose, to elect their State ticket, make what gains they could in the congressional districts, and secure, if possible, a Republican majority in the General Assembly. It was then the local Democratic leaders began to grumble, and, instead of ceasing, the grumbling has developed into bitter criticism of the methods of the State central committee. The latter had but 'two things to do, instruct the Democratic leaders began to grumble, and, instead of ceasing, the grumbling has developed into hit the new election law, and attack the Mc-Kinley tariff. When the average

boasts was lost when these voters got an idea of the election law. There are reports from many quarters that thousands of Democrats will remain away from the polls, but it will not do to place much reliance on such a probability. A Democrat usually, under the most discouraging circumstances, will insist upon voting, and if the complex election law, the creation of men of his own party, who now denounce it, keeps him out of a chute on election day it will be a marvel of politics. Yet there is evidence the law will have that effect.

The Republicans, as accounts go, have very materially overcome the persistent and malicious lying and deception the Democrats have practiced relative to the effects of the McKinley tariff. An intelligence has been developed in regard to this gence has been developed in regard to this matter that puts Democratic methods of misrepresentation and false conclusions clearly before the people. In a word, the farmer, the election law, a wider and more liberal appreciation of the tariff, and, above all, a Republican party of fierce energy, have about defeated the Democrats for this

campaign.
The estimate the Republican State central committee places upon the work done is expressed in the following, which will be sent out to-day:

ROOMS OF THE REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE. ? INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 27, 1890.

To the Republicans of Indiana: Victory is within our reach, but much work must be done to secure it. Our advices from all parts of the State are of such a character as to satisfy us that efficient work from this time on will give us the State, as well as an increased representation in the Legislature and in Congress. Absent voters should be induced to return and vote. The voters should be instructed how to vote. A full vote should be secured. If these things are done we are certain to carry the State. Let every Republican do his duty, and thus earn the right to rejoice over a glorious victory.

L. T. MICHENER, Chairman. F. M. MILLIKAN, Secretary.

The Republican county candidates express themselves satisfied over the situation. They have seconded the efforts of the committee with hard, earnest and legitimate work. While the contest for auditor has been pushed to the front by the Democrats to re-elect Taggart and reward him with a second term in a very profitable office for the money he has spent for the party, the canvass of the other candidates has not been any less active. Browning, by his increasing efforts to defeat his competitor, Taggart, has been the object of attack by the latter's friends, but everything brought against him has been effectually disproved. His chances of election are very good. Stiles, the Republican candidate for clerk, is also doing excellent service in giving Wilson, his opponent, all he can attend to, and he, too, stands way up in the list of probabilities. The soldier friends of Stiles are giving him hearty support, as his record in the army is first class, with long suffering in rebel prisons to further commend him to their consideration. In like manner the workingmen are gathering around Browning. He, through long service as a railroad man and loyal to the interests of his fellow-workingmen, is worthy of their best support. They recognize, too, that it is better to advance a man to position of trust and profit rather than keep one in place whose desire is simply to make more money at the people's expense. In the race for auditor it is a worthy workingman's claims against those of a person who wants to remain in office to enrich himself \$60,000 more. The candidacy for the county treasurership is being vig-orously contested by John J. Johnson, a practical farmer and thorough-going Republican, and Victor M. Backus, who got the Democratic nomination solely on account of his defeat by Wilson for the nomination for clerk. That led to an act of treachery in sacrificing John Osan act of treachery in sacrificing John Osterman that has no parallel in political conventions. Backus demanded something for Wilson's nomination, and got it.

Robert E. Groft, for Recorder on the Republican ticket, is the representative of organized workingmen, and they are standing by him with a fealty that places Carson, the Democratic nominee, in hard lines. Carson was nominated by Democrats sacrificing workingmen who were his competitors, and hence the contest for the

recordership is one of great interest to that great army of voters. Edward Dunn, the Republican, and Henry Langenberg, the Democrat, are having an active race for the sheriff's office with Dunn's excellent record among business men and farmers pushing him forward to a highly probable successful end. Ostermeyer and Noble, the Republican candidates for county commissioner, Dr. Churchill, for coroner, and Fatout, for surveyor, are meeting with the their popularity, with the best promises of election. Charles L. Holstein, for prosecuting attorney, is making a good canvass. and, like his associates on the ticket, has every reason to entertain a confidence of

The fact begins to obtrude that the Democrats are making great efforts to elect their legislative ticket in this county, as part of the movement all over the State, that Mr. United States Senate. The unworthiness of the Democratic legislative ticket in this county is known to all men. The fact that Marion county and the city of Indianapolis need some legislation, which is much more important than the return of a Senator, has been under discussion for many months.
The Republicans nominated a legislative ticket to meet the demand of the time, representative men who are familiar with the special legislation needed in this locality. The candidates upon the Democratic ticket are generally acknowledged to be lacking in competency. The Republican candidates for Representative are John E. Cleland, a wall-known business man of this city. well-known business man of this city; William D. McCoy, a representative colored man, a man of education and business ability; John L. McMaster, a lawyer, who, having served as Mayor of Indianapolis, is fully qualified to speak upon the subject of the city's needs; Frank I. Grubbs, a representative of organized labor who has long been a compositor on the newspapers of this city, and Hiram B. Howland, a well-known farmer. The candidate for joint Representative for Marion, Hancock and Shelby is Abraham J. Mankin, who is a leading member in organized labor circles. The candidates for Representative for Representa sentatives on the Democratic ticket are all of them made to revolve as moons around J. E. McCullough, who is exploited as a forty-candle power luminary. Mr. McCullough came here recently from Princeton, this State, and is unfamiliar with the needs of this county, as he has not had time to become interested in it. Mr. McCullough is not regarded as favorable to the Union soldier. Recently when the candidates were sounded as to their position in regard to the passage of a law by Congress to equalize the payment of Union soldiers during the war (owing to depreciation of currency) by paying all honorably discharged Union soldiers 40 per cent, of all they have already received, Mr. McCullough expressed himself favorably. This, however, was an afterthought on Mr. McCullough's part, and would not have come at all had he not been a candidate. It is of record that in a speech at Princeton in record that in a speech at Princeton in April, 1888, Mr. McCullough violently opposed the measure.

Claude Matthews and Green Smith dropped into the city yesterday and elected themselves to the offices for which they are running. That is, they told all comers that they had a "dead sure thing" and would continue their campaigning simply for amusement, and not because it was at all necessary. The former says he has made fifty speeches and been in over thirty counties, while the latter has talked forty times and visited thirty-five counties.

The Republican list of judges and clerks of election will be completed this morning and the list certified to the proper officers. It will require 2,574 men to conduct the election in this county, the list including 198 inspectors, 396 judges, clerks, challengers, poll-book-holders, sheriffs and super-

A Johnson county Democrat, who was in the city yesterday, said that the Farmers' Alliance was going to "play the devil," as he vigorously expressed it, with the Demo-cratic party in his county, and he expected nothing else than big Republican gains.

SMITH WILLIAMS'S CASE.

Democrats Do Not Like to Have Him Off the Poor Farm When an Election Is Pending.

It is now positively asserted that Superintendent Williams and his son Otto were asked to resign their positions at the county poor farm. "It may not be generally known," said an attorney, yesterday, who has authority for his statements, "that Mr. Williams and his son have both had trouble with the County Commissioners. Otto attended one of the medical colleges in this city last winter, and at the same time drew full salary as steward at the poor farm. Commissioner Emdemanded an investigation. but the matter was hushed up. Mr. Emrich, however, was not satisfied, and next demanded an investigation of Superintendent Williams's failure to report his receipts and expenditures of the county's money. This, too, was hushed up, but from that time on Mr. Williams and his son were carefully watched."

"Were they forced to resign?"
"Yes, Mr. Williams was given to understand that neither he nor his son had given satisfaction, and that their resignations

would be expected." It was reported yesterday that Mr. Williams, sr., will remain at the farm until after the election; that arrangement having been made because Democrats were indignant at the Commissioners taking action in removing an official of their political faith during the campaign. The poor-farm vote is of sufficient importance to them to make Williams's retention a necessity at any cost. He and Hiram Miller, the latter being an inspector of the Wayne township precinct where the county panpers vote, were indicted and fined in the United States court for voting idiots and imbeciles at the election two years ago.

The Police Could Not Settle It. Chas. Ferron, a long-haired individual who does the fire eating and sword swallowing at the Eden Musee, appealed to the

police last night to assist him in compelling Dickson & Talbot to allow him to show last night. The proprietors had objected to his appearing to an audience, he says, on account of its being Sunday, and he tried to convince the police that his contract called for seven night performances, Sunday included. He could not understand why the managers would not let his show go on when they permitted Professor Kennedy upstairs to keep a packed house in a constant state of laughter. He was told constant state of laughter. He was told any breach of contract must be settled by the courts and not by the police.

Taken at a Disadvantage. J. P. Hart, book-keeper of the Lake Erie & Western Railroad Company, reported to the police station, last night, that as he was about enter his home near Highland avenue at 10 o'clock the night before, two men stepped out from the shadow of a large poplar tree. One held a revolver in his face while the other said: "Stranger, we are hard up, throw up your hands." Mr. Hart did as directed, and the highwaymen ransacked his pockets. They secured only \$3, he having left his gold watch at home. When through with him the men walked away, the victim not recognizing either of them. He thinks they were not tramps.

Viaduct Project Before the Aldermen. The viaduct ordinance will come before the Board of Aldermen to-night. It has not yet been made a Democratic caucus measure, and probably it will either be amended and returned to Council to-night or referred to a committee. "On general principles I am in favor of the ordinance," said President Thalman last night, "but I think it will have to be amended somewhat. As to whether the board will favor a visduct on Virginia avenue upon the conditions proposed I cannot say."

In all derangement of the Liver a cure is cer-tain if you take Simmons Liver Regulator.

INTERFERENCE OF THREE MEN.

If They Had Kept Away from the Base-Ball Conference Agreement Could Have Been Reached.

President Brush returned Saturday from

the base-ball conference at New York. There was nothing accomplished at this best assurances of election as far as assurances can go short of the ballot-box.
Livingston Howland, for circuit judge,
Vinson Carter, Daniel W. Howe and John
E. Scott, for the Superior bench, and
Charles B. Feibleman, for the Criminal Court
judgeship, are in each instance maintaining
themselves on the conference. When second meeting of League, Association and the committees from each organization met Oct. 8 it was understood that each was authorized to act for the body it represented, the Brotherhood representatives. Messrs. Talcott, Johnson and Goodwin having in fact telegraphed to and received from each of the clubs authority to act for them. At this conference the committees went as far as they could toward getting on a basis for a satisfactory settlement. Voorhees may be returned to his seat in the and when an adjournment was taken it was decided to give two weeks to the work of negotiating for consolidation of League and Brotherhood interests in the various cities with a view to seeing what could be depended on to guide the course of the next conference. In all the cities but Chicago and Boston it was found that a consolidation could be arranged without serious difficulty, and in the two cities mentioned there was no especial effort made. In New York and Brooklyn matters progressed so far that the amalgamation was practically effected.
"This was the situation when these three Brotherhood players, after having joined with their fellows in expressing by resolution their contidence in committee which represented their

organization, came into the adjourned conference and by demanding admission as much as said they had no confidence in the ability of Talcott, Goodwin and Johnson to deal with the League and Association.

When they found that Mr. Thurman would not call the meeting to order until they renot call the meeting to order until they re-tired, Al Johnson conducted them into an adjoining room, which he locked, and there they remained during a two hours' discussion which followed concerning their application for representation. The fact that they did not return to the hotel office led to the belief that the League and Association had claims. At the close of the discussion a vote was taken on the question, resulting, as you know, in three votes for and six against their admission, whereupon the Brotherhood capitalists and players retired and the conference adjourned without having accomplished anything. Thus what promised to be a fair and equitable adjustment of the base-ball differences was spoiled by the unwarranted interference of these three the unwarranted interference of these three

the unwarranted interference of these three players. The League will never go into a conference with them or any other of the players, and if they insist upon their point the fight will continue.

"In fact," further said Mr. Brush, "overtures for a renewal of negotiations will now have to come from the Brotherhood. The League and Association carried out their agreement, while the Brotherhood, after having endowed its committee with power to negotiate, forced it to retire by the attempt to add three players who had no more right to representation than they had to take part in a meeting of the New York Central directors, because they hap-York Central directors, because they hap-pened to ride on that railroad occasion-

Denny and Bassett, of the New York
League club, are home for the winter, both
looking in fine condition and glad to get
back to Indianapolis. They remained in
New York a week longer than was intended
at the request of the club officials, who
expected, if the League-Brotherhood war was declared off, to arrange a series of games between the two clubs in that city. They have no predictions to make on the result of the attempt to patch up a truce, merely saying that as soon as the Brotherhood backers and players fell to quarreling over the mat-ter of the latter being represented on the conference committee they knew there would be no more games in New York this fall and departed for the West.

MINOR CITY MATTERS.

To-Day's Doings. BOARD OF ALDERMEN-Regular meeting in court-house; evening.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE-J. K. Emmet in "Uncle Joe, or Fritz in a Mad-house;" evening. ENGLISH'S OPERA-HOUSE - McCabe and Young's Minstrels; evening. PARK THEATER-Patrice in "The Midnight Call;" afternoon and evening. EDEN MUSEE-Curiosities; afternoon and even-

Personal and Society. Miss Maud Wattrous, of Danville, Ill., is visiting friends in the city. Mr. and Mrs. Frank B. Metzger are back from Europe, and will remain a short time with their mother, Mrs. Alex. Metzger, be-fore their return.

TWENTY-FIFTH WEDDING ANNIVERSARY.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. RICHMOND, Ind., Oct. 26.-One of the Jewish society here was the silver wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Simon Fox, which was celebrated to-day. Guests were present from many of the principal cities of both the North and South, as well as nearer places, about seventy-five invitations having been issued, and their silver tokens of esteem were as superb as their congratulations were genuine, the couple being very popular. Their home was elaborately decorated with flowers, and the menu for the affair was one of unusual excellence.

Amusement Matters. Beginning to-night J. K. Emmet and his company will be the attraction at the Grand Opera-house the first half of the week, "Uncle Joe; or, Fritz in a Mad-house," being the play. This is Emmet's latest comedy-drama, and it is one of the best in which he has ever appeared. His new songs are said to be quite as good as any he has

are said to be quite as good as any he has ever sung in previous seasons.

At English's, McCabe & Young's Colored Minstrel Company will furnish the entertainment to-night and to-morrow evening, and "The City Club" will follow Wednesday and Thursday. The latter is a vaude-ville and burlesque combination for which strong claims of merit are made. The sale of seats will open this morning. Patrice, a new star, and a comedienne that has created a good impression elsewhere, will appear in "The Midnight Call," a semi-sensational musical comedy-drama, at the Park Theater. The engagement will be for three days, Barlow Bros. minstrels following at the same house. Caffey, the skeleton dude; Orloff, the transparent man, and Esletta, the mindreader, will be the principal attractions in the Eden Musee this week.

The Court Record SUPERIOR COURT. Room 1-Hon. Napoleon B. Taylor, Judge. Christian Wiese vs. Augusta Jackman; account. Judgment for plaintiff for \$87.86. Room 2-Hon. Daniel Wait Howe, Judge.

Fidelia Hodges vs. Louden H. Carleetal.; lamages. Verdict for defendants. Room 3-Hon. Lewis C. Walker, Judge. Jacob Miller et al. vs. Herman Bamberger; account. Judgment for plaintiff for \$175.39.

New Suits Filed. New Year Saving and Loan Association vs. Mary DeBurger; foreclosure. Lourinda Darling vs. Samuel Darling; divorce. Allegation, cruelty. Charles A. Ringer vs. Hampton West et al.; notes. Demand, \$100. CIRCUIT COURT.

Hop. Livingston Howland, Judge. Arthur Adams vs. Ella Adams; divorce, Decree granted glaintiff. complaint for annulment of marriage Mollie Fletcher vs. Henry Fowler; pleading supplementary to execution. Trial by

New Suits Filed. Edgar L. Perkins vs. John A. Commingor et al.; damages. Demand, \$10,000.
Ines Fitzpatrick vs. John H. Fitzpatrick; divorce. Allegation, cruelty.

Accused of Petty Thefts. Chief Splann arrested a young woman, yesterday, named Buscher, from Westfield.

who is accused of committing several small thefts about the city, one being at the Circle House. The goods were recovered, and, for humane reasons, the girl was allowed her liberty for the present.

Bayard Resurrected.

Philadelphia Press. Speaker Reed aptly remarked on Tuesday that the elections bill must be a terrible thing when "it has caused the sheeted dead to turn over in their graves, and Mr. Bay-ard, of Delaware, to rise and make a speech against it." Anything that threatens the supremacy of fraud and force in the South is enough to resurrect the mossbacks; hence thereappearance of the Delaware statesman.

Gathering McKinley Fruits.

Boston Advertiser. One of the largest linen importers in the country has just announced his intention of transfering his English manufacturing interests to the United States, and erecting a large manufactory here. Other linen manufactories are springing up, and still others are putting in spindles. There will be plenty of work everywhere when the new law has made itself felt.

Democratic Arguments.

Minneapolis Tribune. Maj. John John G. Dunbar, a Republican campaign speaker, was rotten-egged at Nash-ville, Ind., the other day. This incident was a rather unpleasant one in Maj. Dunbar's career but it is welcome evidence of the demoralized condition of the Democracy in Mr. Harrison's State.

Could Take Up a Liberal Collection.

Boston Globe (Dem.) Conceding that the price of coffins has been McKinleyed from \$45 to \$60, Hon. Geo. A. Marden kindly announces that the Republicans would gladly bury the Democratic party to-morrow, regardless of the additional expense.

Philadelphia Press. Mr. Cleveland's emphatic and unequivocal denial of the rumor that he fell dead in the street or anywhere else must be accept-

Convincing Testimony.

ed unreservedly. The Best in the State, We have the largest and best assortment of brass goods for natural-gas fires in the State;

also, fire-logs and moisteners. An elegant dissteel andirons and fenders. We invite everybody to call and see them. Being headquarters for above goods, we can name very low prices.
HILDEBRAND & FUGATE,
52 South Meridian street.

THE high quality of the "M. & D." ranges has been attested by a letter just received by the manufacturers, the Mason & Davis Company, Chicago, from the Chief of Bureau of the Navy Department at Washington, informing them that an order has been sent through the purchasing paymaster for "a range of the "M. & D." type, No. 24, three sections." This range is for the cruiser "Boston," now at the New York navy yard. All sizes for families or hotels. For sale by WM. H. BENNETT, 38 South Meridian treet.

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A Cigarette-Maker's Romance. BY F. MARION CRAWFORD.

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ATTENTION, LADIES.

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Misses' and Children's Garments and Dress Goods.

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Largest Cloak Parlors in the State. Open Monday and Saturday evenings. DEPENDENT PENSION BILL

The above bill is now a law, and applicants under the law, and their attorneys, are notified that a full line of blanks necessary for filing claims has been published, and are on sale at WM. B. BURFORD'S. Stationer and Legal Blank Publisher, 21 West Wash-ington street, Indianapolis, Ind. All orders by mail filled promptly.

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Funeral Directors

Beautiful Carpets

It is noted of recent designs in Carpets that some of the lighter patterns are audacious in their brilliancy, and yet have such delicacy and softness in composition that Chas. W. Chasteen vs. Lillie Chasteen; the effect is charming. Some of these light designs are withdrawn and complaint for divorce filed. as dainty as water-color on silk, the shading being as del-Martha Dodge vs. H. F. Solliday. Find-ing for defendant. Judgment against icate as the work of the brush, while there is a sheen to the fabric which suggests the richest upholstery.

Come and see what I offer. No trouble to show goods.